

Islington performance May 2013

Better than England average

2.2i	Breastfeeding initiation	3.3	Childhood immunisations:
2.2ii	Breastfeeding prevalence	iii	DTaP/IPV/Hib (age one)
2.3	Smoking status at time of delivery	v	PCV (age one)
2.17	Recorded diabetes	3.3xv	Flu vaccination (at risk)
2.22i	NHS Health Checks offered	4.12iv	Preventable sight loss: sight loss certifications
2.22ii	NHS Health Checks uptake	4.14i	Hip fractures in over 65s
3.4	People presenting with HIV at a late stage of infection	4.14ii	Hip fractures in those aged 65-79

Similar to England average

1.3	<i>Pupil absence</i>	3.5i	<i>Treatment completion for TB</i>
1.10	Killed or seriously injured on England's roads	4.7	Premature mortality from respiratory diseases (total and preventable*)
2.1	<i>Low birth weight of term babies</i>	4.10	Suicide
2.4	Under 18 conceptions	4.11	Emergency readmissions within 30 days of hospital discharge (men, women, persons)
2.6i	Excess weight (aged four to five)	4.12	Preventable sight loss:
2.14	Smoking prevalence - adults	i	AMD
3.3	Childhood immunisations:	ii	glaucoma
iii	DTaP/IPV/Hib (age two)	iii	diabetic eye disease
iv	MenC	4.14iii	Hip fractures in people aged 80+
viii	MMR, one dose (age two)		
ix	MMR, one dose (age five)		
3.3xiv	Flu vaccination (over 65s)		

Worse than England average

1.1	Children in poverty	2.21vii	<i>Diabetic retinopathy screening</i>
1.4	First time entrants to the youth justice system	2.23	<i>Self-reported well-being</i>
1.5	16-18 year olds NEETs	2.24	Injuries due to falls in people 65+
1.12i	<i>Violent crime: hospital admissions for violence</i>	3.2	Chlamydia diagnoses (aged 15-24)
1.12ii	<i>Violent crime: violence offences</i>	3.3	Childhood immunisations:
1.13i	Re-offending: proportion of re-offenders	vi	Hib/MenC booster (ages five & two)
1.13ii	Re-offending: number of re-offences	vii	PCV booster
1.14i	<i>Population affected by noise</i>	x	MMR, two doses (age five)
1.15	Statutory homelessness (homelessness acceptances and households in temporary accommodation)	xii	HPV (girls aged 12-17)
1.16	<i>Use of outdoor space for exercise/health</i>	xiii	PPV
2.6ii	Excess weight (aged 10-11)	3.5ii	<i>TB incidence</i>
2.15	<i>Completion of drug treatment (opiate and non-opiate users)</i>	4.3	<i>Mortality from preventable causes</i>
2.20i	Breast cancer screening	4.4	Premature mortality from all cardiovascular diseases (total and preventable*)
2.20ii	Cervical cancer screening	4.5	Premature mortality from cancer (total and preventable*)
		4.6	Premature mortality from liver disease (total and preventable*)
		4.8	<i>Mortality from communicable diseases</i>

Note: London comparators not currently available

Green: better compared to August 2012

Red: worse compared to August 2012

Black: no difference compared to August 2012

Italic: data not available in August 2012

*Preventable premature mortality not available in August 2012

Islington performance May 2013

Data not statistically tested against England average

- 1.6i Adults with a learning disability who live in stable and appropriate accommodation
- 1.6ii Adults in contact with secondary mental health services who live in stable and appropriate accommodation
- 2.8 *Emotional well-being of looked after children*
- 3.1 *Fraction of mortality attributable to particulate air pollution*
- 3.3i Population vaccination coverage - Hepatitis B (1 year old)
- 3.3ii Population vaccination coverage - Hepatitis B (2 years old)
- 3.6 *Public sector organisations with a board approved sustainable development management plan*

Data not presented by Public Health England in May 2013

- 2.7 Hospital admissions for unintentional and deliberate injuries in under18s
- 2.10 Hospital admissions for self-harm
- 2.13i Physically active adults
- 2.18 Alcohol-related admissions to hospital
- 3.3 Childhood immunisations:
 - iii DT/POL (age five)
 - vi Hib/MenC booster (age two)
 - vii PCV booster (age five)
- 4.1 Infant mortality
- 4.2 Tooth decay in children aged five
- 4.15 Excess winter deaths

Islington performance: health & wellbeing priorities May 2013

Better than England average	Similar to England average	Worse than England average
Ensuring every child has the best start in life		
2.2i Breastfeeding initiation 2.2ii Breastfeeding prevalence 2.3 Smoking status at time of delivery 3.3 Childhood immunisations: iii DTaP/IPV/Hib (age one) v PCV (age one)	1.3 Pupil absence 2.1 Low birth weight of term babies 2.4 Under 18 conceptions 2.6i Excess weight (aged four to five) 2.7 Hospital admissions for unintentional and deliberate injuries in under 18s 3.3 Childhood immunisations: iii DTaP/IPV/Hib (age two) iv MenC viii MMR, one dose (age two) ix MMR, one dose (age 5)	1.1 Children in poverty 2.6ii Excess weight (aged 10 - 11) 3.3 Childhood immunisations: vi Hib/MenC booster (age five) vii PCV booster x MMR, two doses (age five) xii HPV (girls aged 12-17) xii PPV
Preventing and managing long term conditions to enhance both length and quality of life and reduce health inequalities		
2.17 Recorded diabetes 2.22i NHS Health Checks offered 2.22ii NHS Health Checks uptake 3.4 HIV at a late stage of infection 4.12 Preventable sight loss: sight loss certifications	2.14 Smoking prevalence (adults) 3.3xiv Flu vaccination (over 65s) 4.7 Premature mortality from respiratory diseases (including preventable) 4.12 Preventable sight loss: i AMD ii glaucoma iii diabetic eye disease	2.20i Breast cancer screening 2.20ii Cervical cancer screening 2.21vii Diabetic retinopathy screening 3.2 Chlamydia diagnoses (aged 15-24) 3.3xv Flu vaccination (at risk) 4.3 Mortality from preventable causes 4.4 Premature mortality from all cardiovascular diseases (including preventable) 4.5 Premature mortality from cancer (including preventable) 4.6 Premature mortality from liver disease (including preventable)
Improving mental health and wellbeing		
	1.6ii People with mental illness and/or disability in settled accommodation 4.10 Suicide	1.14i Population affected by noise 2.15 Completion of drug treatment: opiate & non-opiate users 2.23 Self reported wellbeing